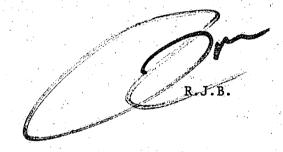
#### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION NEW JERSEY STATE DEPARTMENT

TO	Haig Kasabach		<u> </u>		<u>.</u>
FROM_	Dr. Ronald J. Buchanan		ATE _	June 19, 1979	
SUBJECT	L. E. Carpenter		- 1		
0,0-0,20		 			

Based on review of submitted analytical data, be advised that the soil and sludges to be excavated are contaminated with substantial amounts of hazardous substances and consequently are classified as hazardous wastes. These wastes must be appropriately disposed of at either in-state or out-of-state hazardous waste facilities. To this end, I am forwarding a list of facilities that may be able to handle the L.E. Carpenter waste. Carpenter should make direct contact with one or more of these sites for final disposition requirements. Additionally, these wastes are to be manifested on the Solid Waste Administration's forms.

Please contact me should you have any further questions.



hjg

cc:

Bob Reed Bob Blum George Klepp

Attachment

Not Here

State of Diens Joseph Dept. Environmental Protection

JUN 2 1979

6/22 Called Buchan (Heb.) I Told him to send dwell to LE Carp.

346276

Attatchment 1

TELEPHONE 201-368-2020 - CABLE CARPENCO

February 26, 1975

# CHEMICALS USED AT L.E. CARPENTER & CO.

#### DYE HOUSE CHEMICALS

Di-Sodium Phosphate

Borax

Sodium Persulphate

Sodium Hydroxide (50%)

Hydrogen Peroxide (35%)

Direct Dyes - Brown and Black

Wetting Agents

Lauryl pentachlorophenate

#### PRINT SHOP CHEMICALS

Acrylic and vinyl acrylic solvent printing vehicles

Solvents

MEK

Cyclohexanone

Naphtha

MIBK

Xylol

Printing ink color concentrates containing a variety of pigments including metals such as aluminum, cadmium, pearlessence, chromes, etc., as well as organic type pigments.

### COATING DEPT. CHEMICALS

See 1/30/75 list prepared for Jersey City Water Works.

SAMPLES COLLECTED: 1/4/79 at L.E. Carpenter Site

ANALYSIS  GEMERAL	SA WATER PHASE	MPLE #1 MIXED PHASE	SAM WATER PHASE	PLE #2 MIXED PHASE	SAMPLE #3 MIXED PHASE	SAMPLE #4 MIXED PHASE
pH CCD BOD Oil & Grease TDS TVDS	7.5 700. 3,100 250. 80.	24,000 5,600 >20,000*	7.1 170 6,300 110 110	17,500 9,000 >20,000*	7.2 290 90 80 240 184.	7.1 80. 7. 20. 692. 294.
ORGANICS Total Phthalate Esters (P.E.) Dicctyl P.E. Dimethyl P.E. Xylane Polyalkylene-Glyc Phenols HEAVY METALS	30. 25. 10. 200. col 0.0 0.65	9,000 3,600 6,200. 0.0	N O T AVAILABL 200. 0.0	5,300 3,300 1,300 1,900. 0.0 0.39	11. 7. 3. 0.0 < 0.10	1.2 0.8 0.3 0.0 < 0.10
Antimony Titanium Tin Cadmium Lead Nickel Zinc Mercury Arsenic	<pre>&lt; 0.10     0.12 &lt; 0.20 &lt; 0.005 &lt; 0.02 &lt; 0.005     0.020 &lt; 0.0001 &lt; 0.001</pre>	NOT AVAILARLI 0.006 0.04 0.065 0.166 0.0008 0.011	<pre>&lt; 0.10</pre>	AVAILABLE  5 0.007  < 0.020  5 0.045  9 0.125  01 < 0.0001	< 0.20 < 0.005 0.155 < 0.005 0.037	<pre></pre>

RESULTS IN MG/L

\*APPROXIMATE OIL & GREASE VALUES

Appx 10 ft deep

Attachement 3 5/11/19

## MATERIALS STORED IN THE L. E. CARPENTER TANKS, WHARTON.

For locations of these thanks, refer to the site plan. The gallonage of these tanks is presently unknown.

T	ANK #	£		3		CONTEN	<u>rs</u>	* . *
	1				 <b></b> yı	ol		
	2			 	 Nap	thalene		
	3			 	 Pth	alate Es	ters	
7	4			 	 A m	ixture o	f the abo	ve three
	5			 	 But	al Benzo	l Pthala	te
	6			 	 But	al Benzo.	l Pthala	te
•	7			 	 Epo	xidized S	Soy-bean	Oil
	8				 No.	6 Fuel	Oil	
	9				 No.	6 Fuel	Oil	
	10.		• • •	 	 Old	sludge	material	storage
	11			 	 01d	sludge	material	storage

The location and contents of these tanks were obtained from Mr. Henry Jarrett, Chief Engineer for L. E. Carpenter, on May 7, 1979 during site inspection by the Department.